

List of crimes committed by Muslims against Jews since the 7th century – nausea guaranteed

By Jean-Patrick Grumberg, December 4, 2024

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622–627: Ethnic cleansing of Jews in Mecca and Medina (Jewish boys were publicly inspected for pubic hair and executed if they had any).

624: Following the victory at Badr, the beginning of the elimination of Jews.

625: Expulsion of the Jewish clan of Al Nadir.

626: Massacre of the Jews of Banu Khazraj, with families and spoils divided.

626?: Expedition against the Jews of Banu Qurayza, insulted by Muhammad: "O you, monkeys and pigs..."

626?: Massacre of 700 Jews of Banu Qurayza, bound for three days and then slaughtered over a trench, along with young boys.

626: Murder of the Jewish leader Ka'b, head of the Banu Nadir and a satirical poet, along with his wife, for mocking Muhammad.

626: Expedition against the Jews of Khaybar.

626: Murder of the Jew Sallam ibn Abu al-Huqayq on Muhammad's orders.

626: Muhammad orders the cutting of date palms in the Banu Nadir oasis.

627: Elimination of the Jewish clan of Qurayza in Medina.

627: Massacre of Jews in Medina; division of families and property.

628?: Attack on the Jews of Khaybar, with torture of prisoners.

628?: Seizure of the Jewish oasis of Fadak as Muhammad's personal property.

628: Submission of the Jews of Wadi al-Qura.

628: Muhammad to the Jews of Banu Qaynuqa: "If you do not embrace Islam, I will declare war on you."

629: First massacres in Alexandria, Egypt.

622–634: Extermination of 14 Arab Jewish tribes.

630: Submission of Jews and Christians in Makna, Eilat, and Jerba.

638: Expulsion of Jews from Jerusalem.

640: Expulsion of Jews from the Hejaz.

643: Expulsion of Jews from Khaybar by Caliph Umar.

822–861: The Islamic Empire enacts a law requiring Jews to wear yellow stars (similar to Nazi Germany), under Caliph Al-Mutawakkil.

940: Beheading of the Jewish Exilarch of Baghdad for allegedly defiling Muhammad's name.

945: Murder of the last Jewish Exilarch of Baghdad by a mob of fanatics.

948: Closure of the Jewish theological school "Sura" in Baghdad.

1004: Jews and Christians in Egypt must wear black turbans and belts.

1009: Jews and Christians in Egypt must wear a cross or bells in public baths.

1009: Destruction of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem by the Fatimids.

1010–1013: Massacres of hundreds of Jews around Cordoba.

1016: Jews are persecuted and expelled from Kairouan.

1010: Persecution of Christians, Jews, and Sunnis by the Fatimid Caliph Al-Hakim.

1032: 5,000 to 6,000 Jews killed in a riot in Fez, Morocco, and survivors expelled.

1040: Beheading of Jewish theologian Gaon Hezekiah, head of a Talmudic school.

1106: Ali Ibn Yusuf Ibn Tashfin of Marrakesh decrees the death penalty for all local Jews, including his Jewish doctor and military general.

1148: The Almohads in Morocco give Jews the choice of converting to Islam or being expelled.

1057: Capture and plundering of Kairouan by Hilalian tribes; Jews and some Muslims expelled.

1066: Massacre of thousands of Jews in Granada, Muslim-occupied Spain.

1073: Beginning of persecutions against Jews and Christians by the Turks in Jerusalem.

1127: In Morocco, following the failure of the prophetic movement of Jewish messiah Moshe Dhery, a wave of persecutions and forced conversions begins.

1142: Start of persecutions against Jews by the Almohads; massacres in Tlemcen, Bougie, and Oran.

1145: Jews in Tunis are forced to choose between conversion or exile.

1146: Capture of Meknes by the Almohads; persecution of Jews.

1147: Capture of Tlemcen by the Almohads; persecution of Jews.

1147: Almohad invasion of Spain: Jews are expelled or forcibly converted.

1147: Capture of Marrakesh by the Almohads; persecution of Jews.

1147: Beginning of Almohad persecutions against Jews in North Africa.

1148: Beginning of Maimonides' exile to escape Almohad intolerance.

1148: The Almohads in Morocco give Jews the choice to convert to Islam or be expelled.

1152: Abd al-Mu'min ascends to power in Morocco; Jews and Christians must choose between conversion or death.

1159: Controversy between Maimonides and a rabbi in Fez about the treatment of forced converts.

1160: Capture of Ifriqiya by Abd al-Mu'min's Moroccans; Jews and Christians must choose between death and conversion, leading to forced, superficial conversions.

1165–1178: In Yemen, Jews are given the choice of converting to Islam or death under a new constitution.

1165: The chief rabbi of the Maghreb is burned alive. Maimonides flees to Egypt.

1165: Maimonides flees to Egypt to escape the Almohads.

1171: In Egypt, a decree mandates obedience to laws on the submission of Jewish and Christian infidels under threat of death.

1184: The Almohads impose distinguishing signs on Christians and Jews in Spain.

1198: Forced conversion of Jews in Aden.

1220: Tens of thousands of Jews killed by Muslims after being blamed for the Mongol invasion in Turkey, Iraq, Syria, and Egypt.

1232: Massacre of Jews in Marrakesh.

1266: The Cave of the Patriarchs in Hebron is converted into a mosque and barred to Jews and Christians.

1267: Mamluk Sultan Baybars bans Jews from entering the Cave of the Patriarchs in Hebron; the ban lasts exactly five centuries until 1967.

1270: Sultan Baibars of Egypt plans to burn all Jews, digging a trench for the purpose, but repents at the last moment and instead demands a heavy tribute, during which many perish.

1270: Widespread segregation of Jews in Andalusia.

1276: Second pogrom in Fez, Morocco.

1284: In Baghdad, Jewish physician Ibn Kammuna dies locked in a chest after writing "a book disrespecting prophecies"; he escapes lynching but is threatened with being burned.

1291: Death of Sad al-Dawla, a Jewish convert and vizier to Argun Khan in Iran, provoking anger from the Muslim court.

1291: Forced conversion of Jews in Tabriz, Persia.

1301: Start of Jewish persecution in Egypt.

1318: Beheading of Rashid al-Din Tabib, a Jewish historian and minister in Persia, who angered Muslim elites.

1318: Forced conversion of Jews in Tabriz, Persia.

1333: Forced conversion of Jews in Baghdad.

1333: Traveler Ibn Battuta complains that Chagatai Khan allows Jews and Christians to repair their places of worship.

1334: Forced conversion of Jews in Baghdad.

1344: Forced conversion of Jews in Baghdad.

1351: Trial of Jews (likely in Cairo) accused of desecration, forced to choose between conversion or death.

1385: Massacres in Khorasan, Iran.

1390: Foundation of the first Jewish ghetto in Fez.

1391: In Morocco, persecution of Jews expelled from Spain.

1438: Creation of Jewish ghettos in Moroccan cities, known as "Mellah."

1438: First massacre of the Mellah ghetto in North Africa.

1448: In Egypt, decree mandates obedience to submission laws for Jewish and Christian infidels under threat of death.

1450: Trial of Jews accused of writing Muhammad's name in their synagogue in Fustat; they are forcibly converted.

1465: In Fez, pogroms follow the discovery of the tomb of the city's founder in the Jewish quarter; Jews are forced into the ghetto (11 Jews left alive).

1492: Jewish community of Touat, Morocco, massacred; synagogues destroyed.

1516: Algerian Jews are granted official dhimmi status by the Ottomans; certain colors (red and green) are forbidden, as is riding horses or carrying weapons; they must pay a discriminatory tax, and their representative is ritually slapped when presenting the tribute.

1517: First pogrom in Safed, Ottoman Palestine.

1517: First pogrom in Hebron, Ottoman Palestine.

1521: Expulsion of Jews from Belgrade by the Ottomans.

1524: Expulsion of Jews from Buda, Hungary, by the Ottomans.

1535: Pogrom and expulsion of Jews in Tunisia.

1554: Plundering and persecution of Jews in Marrakesh by the Turks after capturing the city.

1574: Civil war in Morocco between three claimants; Jews are victims of all sides.

1577: Passover Massacre, Ottoman Empire.

1588–1629: Pogroms of Mahalay, Iran.

1604: Beginning of a period of famine, violence, and forced conversions of the Jewish population of Fez: 2,000 conversions in two years.

1608: Two years of persecution of Jews in Taroudant by Berbers.

1622: Forced conversion of Jews in Persia.

1630–1700: Yemeni Jews considered “impure” and subjected to humiliations: they could not touch a Muslim or a Muslim’s food, had to bow before Muslims, walk barefoot in Muslim quarters, and were prohibited from riding horses or camels. If attacked by Muslim youths, Jews were not allowed to defend themselves.

1650: Tunisian Jews deported to special quarters called “hara.”

1650: Forced conversion of Jews in Persia under Shah Abbas II.

1656: Jews expelled from Isfahan, Iran.

1660: Two pogroms in Safed and Tiberias, Ottoman Palestine.

1670: Expulsion from Mawza, Yemen.

1676: Expulsion of Jews from Sana’a, Yemen.

1678: Forced conversion of Jews in Yemen.

1679–1680: Massacres in Sana’a, Yemen.

1700: Massacre of Jews in Yemen.

1747: Massacres in Mashhad, Iran.

1758: Executions of a Jew and an Armenian in Constantinople for violating infidel dress laws.

1770: Expulsion of Jews from Jeddah, Arabia.

1785: Pogrom in Tripoli, Ottoman Libya.

1790–92: Pogrom of Tetouan, Morocco (Jews stripped and lined up).

1790: Destruction of most Jewish communities in Morocco.

1800: New decree in Yemen banning Jews from wearing new or fine clothes, riding mules or donkeys, or building houses higher than those of Muslims. Jews were sometimes forced to march naked across the Rub' al Khali desert.

1805: First pogrom in Ottoman Algeria against Jews in Algiers following a famine. French consul Dubois-Thainville saved 200 Jews by sheltering them in his consulate.

1805: Jews exiled from Algiers to Tunis and Livorno.

1805: Neftali Busnach, leader of the Jewish community in Algiers, killed amidst riots.

1806: Fatwa issued expelling Jews from Salé, Morocco.

1806: Moroccan Jews banned from wearing Western clothes.

1806: Janissaries of the Dey of Algiers massacred and looted the Jewish quarter.

1807: Expulsion of Jews from Tetouan.

1808: First massacres in the Mellah ghetto, North Africa.

1815: Rabbi Isaac Aboulker decapitated during riots in Algiers.

1815: Jews in Algiers forced to combat a locust invasion.

1815: Second pogrom in Algiers, Ottoman Algeria.

1816: Jews and Christians in Algeria prohibited from bearing arms.

1820: Massacres in Sahalu Lobiant, Ottoman Syria.

1828: Pogrom in Baghdad, Ottoman Iraq.

1830: Third pogrom in Ottoman Algeria.

1830: Persecution of Jews in Persia sparked by the Russian advance in the Caucasus.

1830: Ethnic cleansing of Jews in Tabriz, Iran.

1834: Second pogrom in Hebron, Ottoman Palestine.

1834: Pogrom in Safed, Ottoman Palestine.

1838: Druze attack in Safed, Ottoman Palestine.

1839: Massacre of Mashhadi Jews in Iran.

1839: Forced conversion of surviving Mashhadi Jews.

1839: Campaign of forced conversions of Iranian Jews.

1840: Persecution of Jews in Damascus; allegations of ritual murders.

1840: Forced conversion of Mashhadi Jews.

1841: Mass killings of Jews in Morocco; the Sultan declared Jews his personal property to ensure their protection.

1840: Damascus ritual murder allegations (Muslims and French Christians abducted, tortured, and killed Jewish children for entertainment), Ottoman Syria.

1844: First massacre in Cairo, Ottoman Egypt.

1847: Dayr al-Qamar Pogrom, Ottoman Lebanon.

1847: Ethnic cleansing of Jews in Jerusalem, Ottoman Palestine.

1848: First pogrom in Damascus, Ottoman Syria.

1848: Complete disappearance of Jews in Mashhad.

1850: First pogrom in Aleppo, Ottoman Syria.

1854: Anti-Jewish pogrom in Demnate, Morocco.

1857: Execution of Tunisian Jewish coachman Batou Sfez for alleged blasphemy while intoxicated.

1860: Second pogrom in Damascus, Ottoman Syria.

1862: First pogrom in Beirut, Ottoman Lebanon.

1866: Pogrom in Kuzguncuk, Ottoman Turkey.

1867: Massacre in Barfurush, Ottoman Turkey.

1868: Eyub Pogrom, Ottoman Turkey.

1869: Massacres in Tunis and Sfax, Ottoman Tunisia.

1864–1880: Massacres in Marrakech, Morocco.

1870: Second massacre in Alexandria, Ottoman Egypt.

1870: First pogrom in Istanbul, Ottoman Turkey.

1871: First massacres in Damanhur, Ottoman Egypt.

1872: Massacres in Edirne, Ottoman Turkey.

1872: First pogrom in Izmir, Ottoman Turkey.

1873: Second massacre in Damanhur, Ottoman Egypt.

1874: Second pogroms in Izmir and Istanbul, Ottoman Turkey.

1874: Second pogrom in Beirut, Ottoman Lebanon.

1875: Two pogroms in Aleppo, Ottoman Syria.

1875: Massacre on Djerba Island, Ottoman Tunisia.

1877: Third massacre in Damanhur, Ottoman Egypt.

1877: Pogrom in Mansura, Ottoman Egypt.

1882: Massacre in Homs, Ottoman Syria.

1882: Third massacre in Alexandria, Ottoman Egypt.

1889: After a rabbi's funeral deemed too indiscreet, Baghdad's Jewish cemetery was confiscated.

1889: Looting of Baghdad's Jewish quarter.

1890: Second massacre in Cairo, Ottoman Egypt.

1890: Third pogrom in Damascus, Ottoman Syria.

1891: Fourth massacre in Damanhur, Ottoman Egypt.

1897: Murders in Tripoli, Ottoman Libya.

1903–1907: Pogroms in Taza and Settat, Morocco.

1904: Massacre of Jews in Yemen.

1907: Pogrom in Casablanca, Morocco.

1908: Second massacre in Port Said, Ottoman Egypt.

1909: British vice-consul in Mosul commented, "The attitude of Muslims toward Christians and Jews is one of a master toward slaves."

1910: Blood libel in Shiraz, Iran.

1911: Pogrom in Shiraz, Iran.

1912: Fourth pogrom in Fez, Morocco.

1914: Expulsion of Jews of military age from Palestine by the Ottomans.

1917: Jewish Inquisition in Baghdad, Ottoman Empire.

1918 – 1948: Adoption of a law prohibiting the raising of Jewish orphans in Yemen.

1920: Massacres in Irbid during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1920 – 1930: Arab riots during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1921: First riots in Jaffa during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1922: Massacres in Djerba, Tunisia.

1922: Law mandating forced conversion of orphans in Yemen, affecting Jews, including those of adult age.

1927: Sixty Jews killed by Arabs in the Mellah of Casablanca, Morocco.

1928: Ikhwan massacres in Egypt and during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1928: Jewish orphans sold into slavery and forcibly converted to Islam by the Muslim Brotherhood in Yemen.

1929: Anti-Jewish riots during the British Mandate in Palestine, including pogroms in Jerusalem, Hebron, and Safed. In August 1929, Jews requested arrangements for the Western Wall; violence erupted, and the British rejected the request to end the riots.

1929: Third Hebron Pogrom during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1929: Third Safed Pogrom during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1933: Second Jaffa riots during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1934: Anti-Jewish pogrom in Constantine, Algeria: 24 killed. Women were raped and mutilated; babies and elderly were slaughtered. Two hundred Jewish shops were looted, with damages estimated at over 150 million francs. The police stood idly by.

1934: Pogroms in Thrace, Turkey.

1934: First Farhud massacres in Iraq.

1936: Third Jaffa riots during the British Mandate in Palestine.

1936: Second Farhud massacre in Iraq.

1938: Boycott of Jews in Egypt.

1939: Discovery of three bombs in synagogues in Cairo.

1941: Third Farhud massacre in Iraq.

1941: Persecution of Jews in Libya.

1941: Massacre of Jews in Baghdad, supported by authorities (approximately 170 killed).

1942: Collaboration of the Grand Mufti with the Nazis, playing a role in the Final Solution.

1942: Struma disaster, Turkey.

1942: Pogroms in the Nile Delta, Egypt.

1938 – 1945: Arab collaboration with the Nazis.

1942: Discriminatory tax law (Varlik Vergisi) in Turkey targeting Jews and Christians.

1942: Looting of Jewish properties in Benghazi and deportation to the desert.

1944: Attack on the Jewish quarter in Damascus.

1945: Anti-Jewish and anti-Christian riots in Egypt; churches and synagogues destroyed.

1945: Fourth Cairo massacre, Egypt.

1945: Pogrom in Tripoli, Libya.

1947: Segregation measures against Jews in Egypt.

1947: Pogrom in Libya (approximately 130 dead).

1947: Pogroms in Aden, Yemen.

1947: Third Aleppo Pogrom in Syria.

1948: Evacuation of the Jewish quarter in Damascus, Syria.

1948: First Arab-Israeli War (1 Jew killed for every 100).

1948: Oujda and Jerada Pogroms, Morocco.

1948: First Libyan Inquisition of Jews.

1948: Muslim Brotherhood attacks on Jewish merchants in Egypt.

1950: Mass exodus of Jews from Arab countries.

1951: Second Libyan Inquisition of Jews.

1952: Anti-Jewish and anti-Christian pogroms in Suez.

1954: Assassinations and attacks in Algeria targeting the Jewish community, including desecration and destruction of 30 synagogues attributed to Muslim populations.

1960: Desecration of the synagogue in Algiers and the cemetery in Oran.

1954: Sidi Kacem Massacre: Six Jews beaten and burned alive with their children.

1955: Anti-Jewish and anti-Christian riots in Turkey; looting of churches and Jewish shops.

1955: Attack on the rabbi of Batna.

1956: Fire in a synagogue in Oran.

1956: In response to the Suez attack, Nasser expelled nearly all Jews from Egypt (approximately 90,000 people) and confiscated their property.

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1957: Murder of the rabbi of Nedroma.

1957: Murder of the rabbi of Médéa.

1957 – 1962: Bombings in the Jewish quarters of Oran and Constantine.

1961: Grenade thrown in a synagogue in Boghari, Bousaada.

1961: Vandalism of the synagogue in the Casbah, Algiers.

September 2, 1961: Assassination of a Jewish hairdresser in Oran and other anti-Jewish attacks.

1955: Third Istanbul pogrom, Turkey.

1955: Anti-Jewish riots in Izmir.

1956: First Egyptian Inquisition of the Jews.

1956: In response to the Suez attack, Nasser expelled tens of thousands of Jews and confiscated their property.

1960: A Saudi newspaper describes Eichmann as "the man who can be proud of having killed five million Jews."

1961: In Algeria, assassination of the Jewish musician Sheik Raymond.

1962: Desecration of the Jewish cemetery in Oran.

1962: Oran Pogrom.

July 5, 1962: Just days after Algeria's independence, between 900 and 1300 Europeans, including Jews, were massacred in Oran.

1964: The Egyptian military weekly notes: "By essence, the Jew has no qualities to bear arms."

1964: Nasser tells a German neo-Nazi newspaper: "No one takes seriously the lie of the six million Jews killed."

1965: The Egyptian military manual presents the war against Israel as a jihad, quoting the Quran: "Kill them wherever you find them."

1965: Wave of antisemitism in Algeria; the Jewish community flees.

1965: Pogrom in Aden.

1965: Fifth Fes pogrom, Morocco.

1967: Second Egyptian Inquisition of the Jews.

1967: Egyptian Jews are placed in camps during the Six-Day War.

1967: Pogrom in Libya during the Six-Day War.

1967: Pogroms in Tunisia.

1967: The World Islamic Congress in Amman declares that Jews living in Arab countries should be considered "mortal enemies."

1967: Pogrom in Aden.

1967: Arson attack on the Great Synagogue of Tunis.

1967: Riots in Tunis, Tunisia.

1967: World Islamic Congress in Jordan; a decision is made for all Muslim governments to treat Jews as "mortal enemies."

1967: The publication of the antisemitic text "The Protocols of the Elders of Zion" in Egypt.

1967: Pogrom and looting of Jewish shops in Tunisia.

1969: Khomeini delivers thirteen speeches in Najaf, which will form the basis of his book *The Islamic Government*; he develops the theme of hatred for Jews, accusing them of conspiring everywhere against Islam.

1969: Execution of Jews in Baghdad.

1970: SR-330 flight Zurich – Tel Aviv crashes in a forest near Würenlingen, killing all 47 people aboard. A bomb placed by the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine exploded 9 minutes after takeoff.

1979: The beginning of the exodus of 200,000 Iranian Jews after the Islamist revolution.

October 7, 2023: Islamists from Hamas and the Islamic Jihad break into Israel by tearing down the Gaza barrier, massacring 1,200 Jewish children, babies, women, men, and elderly. Their own videos show rapes, dismemberments, torture of children in front of their parents, and of parents in front of their children, beheadings, and babies burned alive. They then kidnap over 200 hostages and take them to Gaza (and the world accuses Israel of genocide).

Strangely, the Arabs of the Palestinian Authority have historically never been involved in any massacre of Jews before 2023—not that they are philosemites, but because they did not exist before the 1960s.

If I have forgotten anything, please let me know in the comments. This list was compiled by the work of Abraham Chicheportiche and Jean-Patrick Grumberg.